1 BEFORE THE POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD 2 STATE OF WASHINGTON 3 IN THE MATTER OF CONCERNED INDUSTRIES OF PUGET 4 SOUND, CONTAINER CORPORATION OF AMERICA, KAISER ALUMINUM & 5 CHEMICAL CORPORATION, GEORGIA PACIFIC CORPORATION, REICHHOLD 6 CHEMICALS, INC., SONOCO PRODUCTS COMPANY, GACO WESTERN, INC., 7 SCOTT PAPER COMPANY, LIANGA PACIFIC, INC., CROW ROOFING & PCHB No. 83-5 8 SHEETMETAL, INC., LONGVIEW FIBRE COMPANY, WASHINGTON STOVE WORKS, ORDER DISMISSING APPEAL 9 WEYERHAEUSER COMPANY, ASARCO FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION INCORPORATED, PUGET SOUND PLYWOOD, INC., CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY 10 CORPORATION, A CLASS CONSISTING OF ALL PERSONS AND INDUSTRIES 11 SUBJECT TO THE PSAPCA 12 REGISTRATION FEE. 13 Appellants, 14 ٧. PUGET SOUND AIR POLLUTION 15 CONTROL AGENCY, 16 Respondent. 17 18

This matter came before the Pollution Control Hearings Board on motion of respondent. The parties filed written argument and supportive documents.

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

The issue raised in the motion is whether this Board has jurisdiction to hear and decide the matter raised in the notice of appeal, i.e., whether the adoption by respondent's Board of Directors of Resolution 530 and the amendments to Regulation I is an order or decision appealable to this Board.

In Camran Corp. v. PSAPCA, PCHB No. 109, Justice Matthew Hill wrote:

> The Washington Clean Air Act makes a clear distinction between orders and decisions of Pollution Control Agency and its adoption of regulations and the amendments thereto.

> In outlining the powers of the Pollution Control Agencies, the Legislature authorizes the adoption of regulations, and their amendment and repeal, and makes no suggestion of any right of review. (RCW 70.94.[1]41(1)).

> However, the same section in subsection (3), when it speaks of "orders by the Agency or its control officer," makes them subject to the Rights of Appeal as provided in Chapter 62, Laws of 1970, 1st (The Act which created the Pollution Control Hearings Board.)

> The Pollution Control Hearings Board does not presume to pass on the merits of the appellant's contentions as to propriety or validity of Resolution 141 adopted by the Puget Sound Air Pollution Control Agency, but being a Board of expressly limited jurisdiction, and believing itself to be without jurisdiction to hear the aforesaid appeal of The Camran Corporation, dismisses the same for lack of jurisdiction.

We are not aware of any changes in the law which compel a This quasi-judicial Board has jurisdiction over different result. "contested cases" (RCW 34.04.090); the courts have jurisdiction to hear appeals from resolutions and regulations relating to legislative Ch. 7.24 RCW. Cf. RCW 34.04.070 (appeals from adoption of matters. rules by the Department of Ecology).

93 43

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1.

 24

25

 27

26 ORDER DISMISSING APPEAL FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION PCHB No. 83-5

1	The motion to dismiss is granted and the appeal is dismissed for
2	lack of jurisdiction.
3	DATED this /4 day of April, 1983.
4	POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD
5	> - 1 01
6	David Akana, Lawyer Member
7	DWAID WWWW, Dawler Wemper
8	Garle Roth and
9	GAYLE ROTHROCK, Chairman
10	
11	SEE DISSENTING OPINION LAWRENCE J. FAULK, Member
12	HANGICE OF FROME, MEMBER
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	ORDER DISMISSING APPEAL

BEFORE THE 1 POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD 2 STATE OF WASHINGTON 3 IN THE MATTER OF CONCERNED INDUSTRIES OF PUGET 4 SOUND, CONTAINER CORPORATION OF AMERICA, KAISER ALUMINUM & 5 CHEMICAL CORPORATION, GEORGIA PACIFIC CORPORATION, REICHHOLD CHEMICALS, INC., SONOCO PRODUCTS 6 COMPANY, GACO WESTERN, INC., 7 SCOTT PAPER COMPANY, LIANGA PCHB No. 83-5 PACIFIC, INC., CROW ROOFING & 8 SHEETMETAL, INC., LONGVIEW FIBRE DISSENTING OPINION COMPANY, WASHINGTON STOVE WORKS, 9 WEYERHAEUSER COMPANY, ASARCO INCORPORATED, PUGET SOUND PLYWOOD, 10 INC., CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION, A CLASS CONSISTING 11 OF ALL PERSONS AND INDUSTRIES SUBJECT TO THE PSAPCA 12REGISTRATION FEE. 13 Appellants, 14 ٧. 15 PUGET SOUND AIR POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY, 16 Respondent. 17

This matter came before the Pollution Control Hearings Board on motion of respondent. The parties filed written argument and supportive documents.

The issue raised in the motion is whether this Board has jurisdiction to hear and decide the matter raised in the notice of appeal, i.e., whether the adoption by respondent's Board of Directors of Resolution 530 and the amendments to Regulation I is an order or decision appealable to this Board.

26

18

19

20

21

92

23

24

25

27

The legislation which created the Pollution Control Hearings Board, contains provisions applicable to this issue:

RCW 43.21B.010 provides as follows:

Pollution Control Hearings Board created -Purpose. There is hereby created within the environmental hearings office a pollution control hearings board of the state of Washington.

The purpose of the pollution control hearings board is to provide for a more expeditious and efficient disposition of appeals with respect to the decisions and orders of the department and the director and with respect to all decisions of air pollution control boards or authorities established pursuant to Ch. 70.94 RCW. (Emphasis added.)

Likewise, in ASARCO v. Air Quality Coalition, 92 Wn.2d 685 (1979) the State Supreme Court had occasion to address the jurisdiction of the PCHB. Referring to RCW 43.21B.130 the State Supreme Court held:

> In light of the act's specific grant of jurisdiction to hearings boards over appeals from all decisions of air pollution control agencies, we hold the PCHB had jurisdiction over an appeal from the granting of a variance, which clearly involved a decision of PSAPCA. State ex. rel. Martin Marietta Aluminum, Inc., v. Woodward, 84 Wn.2d 329, 525 p.2d 247 (1974), cited by neither party, is in agreement with this position and is determinative of the jurisdictional issue. At page 332 Woodward makes it abundantly clear that the PCHB has *appellant jurisdiction not only of orders of violations, but also over all decisions of DOE, its director and the pollution control boards and authorities" such as PSAPCA.

Promulgation of PSAPCA Resolution 530 is certainly a "decision" of PSAPCA and thus reviewable by the PCHB: The fact that adoption of this resolution also requires payment of the registration fee by the appellants renders it an "order" of PSAPCA also reviewable by the PCHB.

DISSENTING OPINION 26

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

27

PCHB No. 83-5

	I believe the Pollution Control Hearings Board has jurisdiction to
1	
2	hear this appeal.
3	The motion to dismiss should be denied and the appeal heard by the
4	Board.
5	DATED this Hay of April, 1983.
6	POLLUTION CONTROL HEARINGS BOARD
7	and L
8	LAWRENCE J. PAULK, Member
9	DANKBACE O. PRODE, MEMBEL
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	DISSENTING OPINION -3- PCHB No. 83-5